

# Dialog Action-Aware Transformer for Dialog Policy Learning

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## Introduction

Dialog policy learning (DPL) plays a crucial role in pipeline task-oriented dialog systems by determining the next abstracted system action.

Pre-trained language model (PLM) does not work well in DPL due to **misalignment** of pre-training tasks with non-natural language.

## Problems of Pre-training Tasks for DPL

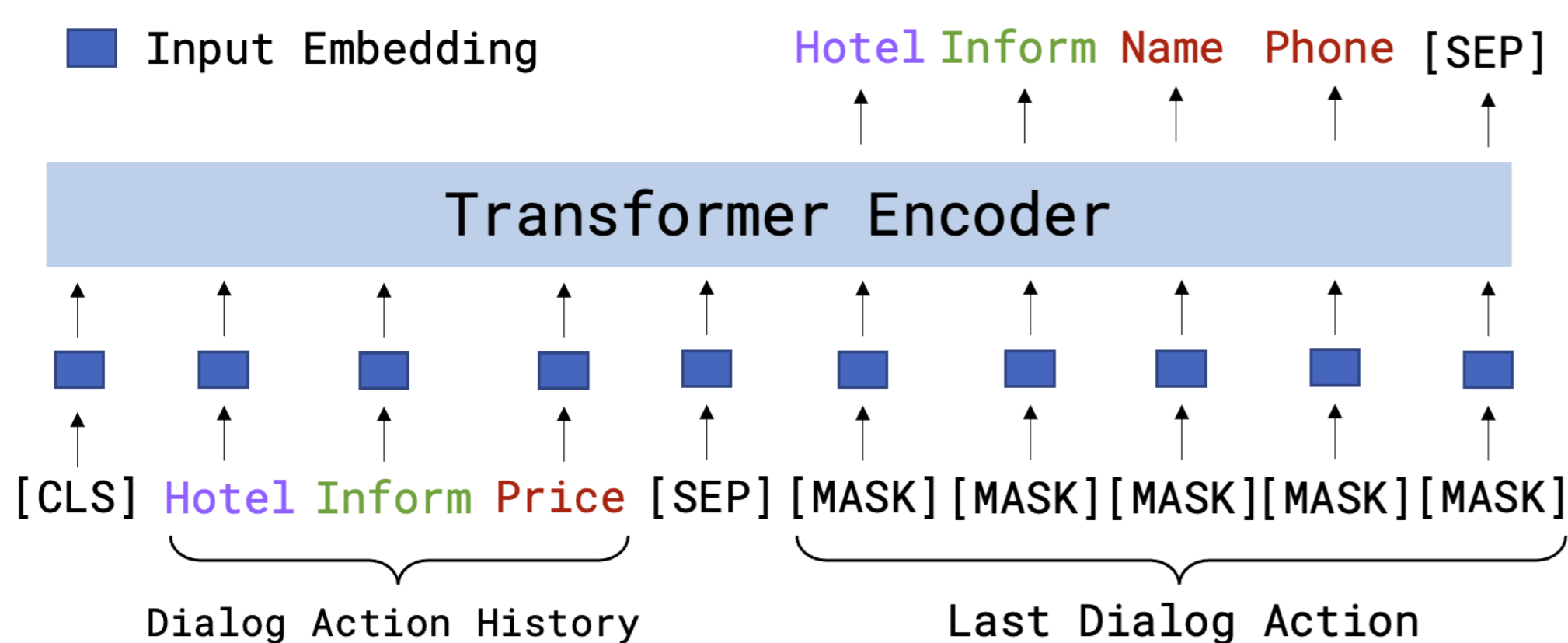
The **next sentence prediction** (NSP) task benefits understanding of natural language but not on structured non-natural language (e.g. dialog actions).

The **masked language modelling** (MLM) task fuses the content in both directions where the dialog agent is only allowed to access the left.

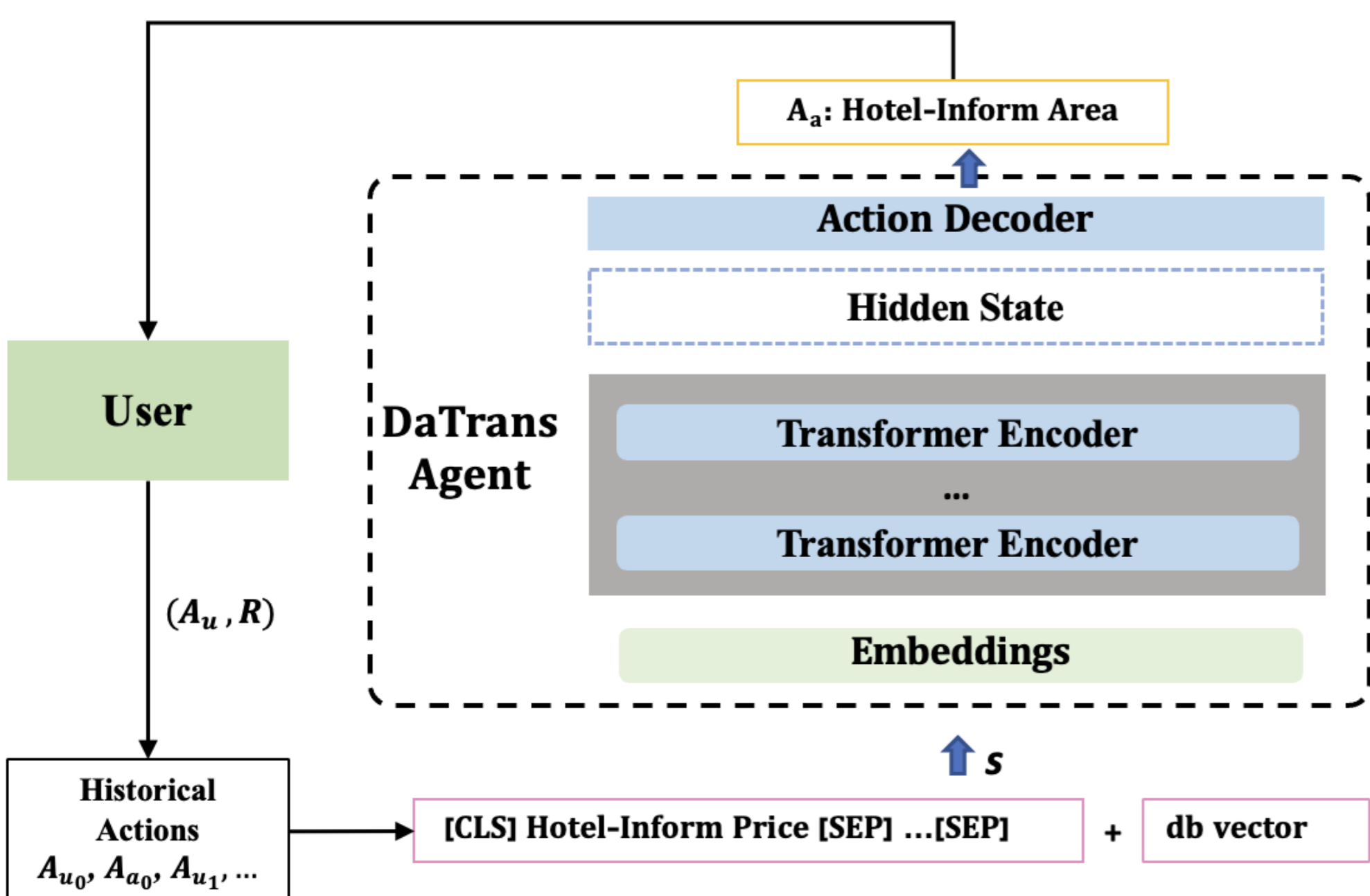
## Method

We propose **Dialog Action-oriented Transformer (DATrans)** for efficient DPL.

We propose a novel pre-training task **MLA**: predicting the **M**asked **L**ast dialog **A**ction.



We further fine-tune **DATrans** with **Deep Q-learning** using a user simulator.



## Experiments

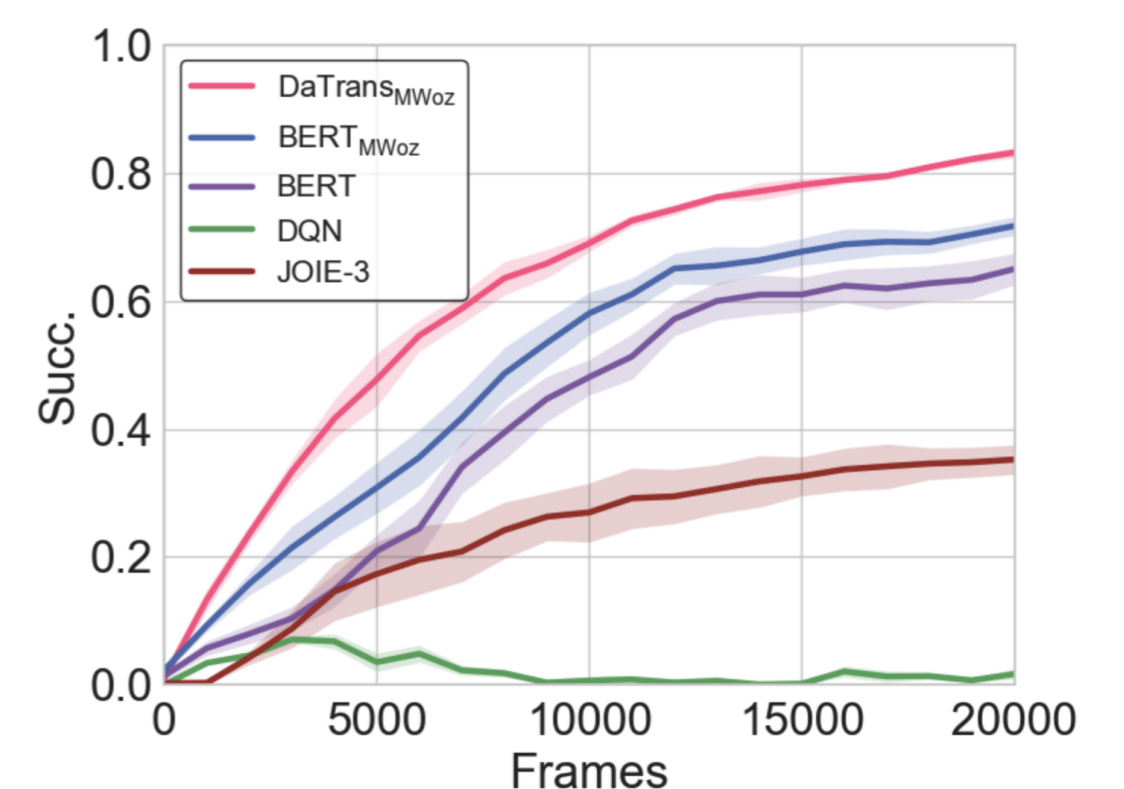
Datasets: MultiWoz and SGD. Two popular task-oriented dialogue dataset.

Baselines:

- **BERT<sub>MWoz</sub>**: BERT pre-trained with MLM and NSP on MultiWoz and fine-tuned by Deep Q-learning.
- **BERT**: Fine-tuning pre-trained BERT on MultiWoz by Deep Q-learning.
- **DQN**: An MLP network optimized by Deep Q-learning.
- **JOIE-3**: Previous state-of-the-art using a collaborative multi-agent framework.

## Main Results

Model	Succ.↑	Turn↓	Reward↑
<b>DATrans<sub>MWoz</sub></b>	<b>0.84</b>	<b>10.21</b>	<b>27.35</b>
BERT <sub>MWoz</sub>	0.72	12.14	14.21
BERT	0.64	14.75	-15.47
DQN	0.01	19.51	-53.66
JOIE-3	0.38	15.98	-21.42

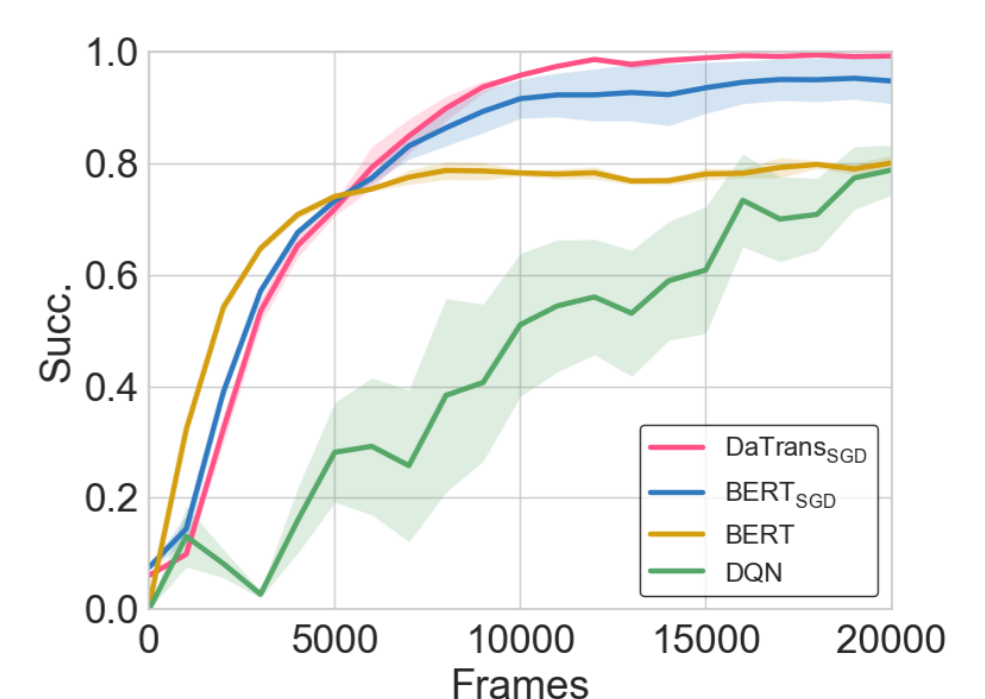
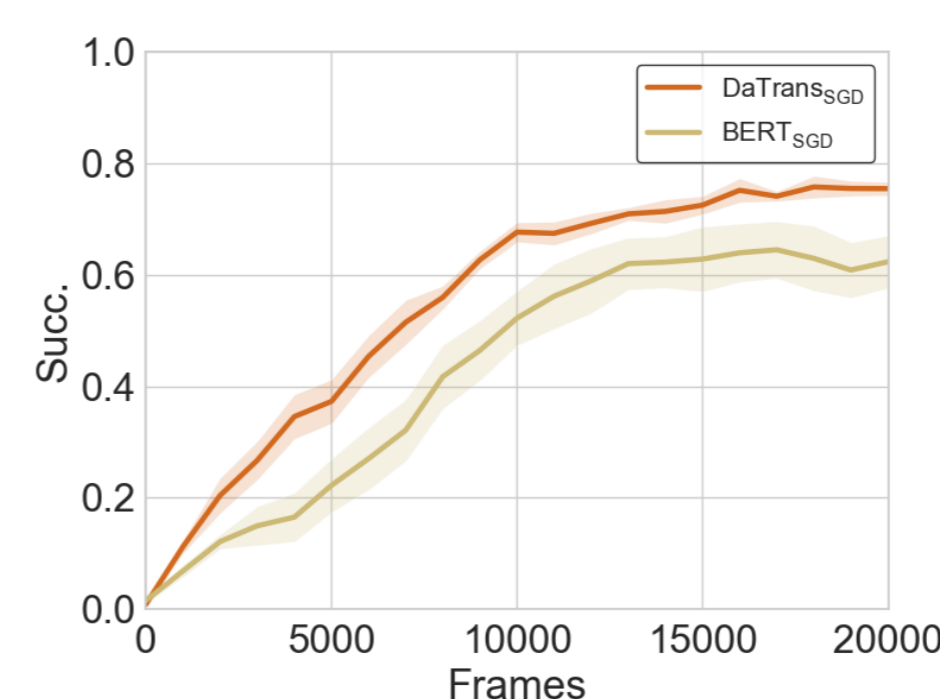


**DATrans<sub>MWoz</sub> > BERT<sub>MWoz</sub>**: MLA is better than NSP and MLM.

**DATrans<sub>MWoz</sub> > BERT**: The pre-training misalignment can't be bridged by reinforcement learning alone.

## Transfer Learning

Pre-trained on SGD, fine-tuned on MultiWoz.



**DATrans** is robust to different pre-training corpus.

**DATrans** adopts quickly to new domain.

## Takeaway

- Language models pre-trained on large text corpus cannot be utilized in DPL.
- Pre-training on non-natural language corpus significantly enhances DPL (even with NSP and MLM tasks).
- Pre-training with MLA task outperforms NSP and MLM significantly in DPL (0.84 vs 0.72 success rate).
- Fine-tuning with RL is unable to bridge the misalignment gap caused by pre-training suboptimally.